

Legislative Express

Session 2025 | Issue 5

Bill Spotlight for Next Week

The following two bills of interest are up for consideration by House and Senate Committees next week.

SB518/HB561 - Authorizes certain utility systems to borrow money in anticipation of revenue collections

This bill makes two important changes to existing law for water and wastewater utilities. First, if this bill passes, water and wastewater systems operated by municipalities and counties, municipal energy authorities, water and wastewater treatment authorities, and utility districts will be able to borrow money to provide emergency cash flow for their systems. To date, water and wastewater utilities have not been able to issue debt to raise cash to meet operating expenses. The Comptroller's Office must approve the debt issuance, and the bill places certain conditions on the debt issuance, including a referral of the utility to the TBOUR.

Second, this bill gives the TBOUR the authority to remove a member of a utility's governing board, other than an elected official, for any of the following actions: (1) failure to comply with § 12-4-101; (2) misconduct, whether or not the misconduct results in criminal charges; (3) Failure to exercise reasonable oversight; (4) actions or failures causing a utility system to display severe managerial incompetence as described in § 7-82-704(a)(3); (5) failure to follow board directives, except for good cause shown; or (6) any other reason provided by law. Currently, the TBOUR only has authority to remove utility district commissioners and utility authority board members for similar actions.

SB1141/HB897 - Threshold for the presence of fluoride in a public water system

Several years ago, the legislature considered a bill which sought to prohibit public water systems from adding fluoride to drinking water. Ultimately, the bill was amended to provide certain notice requirements by a public water system when the level of fluoride in a water sample exceeded 1.5 mg per liter. This bill would require that all public water systems cease adding fluoride to drinking water by July 31, 2025, and provide customers with a notification of the cessation of fluoridation. The debate about whether fluoride should be added to public drinking water has evolved over the last several years as public health advocates and groups opposing the fluoridation of public water continue to debate whether the benefits of adding fluoride to the water supply outweighs its risks.

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Sunset - Tennessee board of utility regulation.

Sponsors Sen. Jackson, Ed; Rep. Lafferty, Justin

Category Government Organization
Senate Status 02/24/25 - Senate passed.
House Status 02/20/25 - House passed.

Executive Status 02/24/25 - Sent to the speakers for signatures.

Comment This bill extends the Tennessee board of utility regulation to June 30, 2029.

SB114/HB136 Debt reporting requirements - state and local governmental entities.

Sponsors Sen. Harshbarger, Bobby; Rep. Atchley, Fred

Category Public Finance

Senate Status 02/24/25 - Senate passed.

House Status 02/28/25 - Set for House Floor 03/03/25.

This bill broadens the financial disclosure obligations of state and local governmental entities to include

the disclosure of bond covenant violations and credit rating downgrades to the comptroller of the

treasury or the comptroller's designee.

<u>SB162</u> Prohibits public water system operators from adding fluoride to water systems.

Sponsors Sen. Hensley, Joey

Category Utilities

Comment

Comment

Senate Status 01/27/25 - Referred to Senate Energy, Agriculture & Natural Resources Committee.

Comment This bill prohibits public water systems from adding fluoride to their water systems.

SB178/HB22 Governing body to provide public with opportunity to comment at meeting.

Sponsors Sen. Lowe, Adam; Rep. Davis, Elaine

Category Public Employees

House Public Service Subcommittee amendment 1 (003821) prohibits members of the public and

Amendment members of the governing body from commenting on an open complaint or active contested case during Summary a period for public comment that involves a matter germane to the jurisdiction of the governing body

conducting the public meeting.

Senate Status 02/26/25 - Set for Senate State & Local Government Committee 03/04/25.

House Status 02/26/25 - Set for House State & Local Government Committee 03/05/25.

This bill requires a governing body subject to the open meetings act to reserve a period of public

comment on any matter germane to the jurisdiction of the governing body regardless of whether the

matter is listed on the agenda for the meeting. Under current law, public comment is limited to matters

germane to items on the meeting's agenda.

SB191/HB1338 Redefines local government to include a water, wastewater, or energy authority.

Sponsors Sen. Taylor, Brent; Rep. Lamberth, William

Category Public Finance

Comment

Comment

Senate Status 01/27/25 - Referred to Senate Energy, Agriculture & Natural Resources Committee.

House Status 02/26/25 - Set for House State & Local Government Committee 03/05/25.

This bill requires that any local government seeking to issue "heightened risk debt" to submit a request for approval to the Comptroller's Office. The Comptroller's Office has 15 business days to approve or disapprove the request. If the Comptroller does not respond to the request within 15 business days, the local government may proceed to issue the debt. Local government includes any incorporated city or town; metropolitan government; county; water, wastewater, or energy authority; or utility district. Heightened risk debt means any debt obligation containing: (1) a variable interest rate; (2) an interest

rate reset provision which allows the interest rate to change at certain intervals during the life of the debt; or (3) a put option. The bill further defines local government for purposes of the issuance of balloon indebtedness to include any incorporated city or town; metropolitan government; county;

water, wastewater, or energy authority; or utility district.

SB212/HB885 Agendas for meetings of governing bodies.

Sponsors Sen. Gardenhire, Todd; Rep. Todd, Chris

Category Public Employees

Senate Status 02/10/25 - Referred to Senate State & Local Government Committee.

House Status 02/10/25 - Referred to House Public Service Subcommittee.

This bill requires the governing body of any political subdivision of Tennessee: (1) to make available to the public at no charge the agenda for an upcoming regular meeting in a place accessible to the public at least 48 hours before the regular meeting; (2) to only deliberate or act upon items not listed in the agenda unless its bylaws or properly adopted rules permit such actions and complies with all other applicable state laws permitting such action; and (3); to not circumvent this requirement by withholding

items from the agenda to avoid public disclosure of business to be considered. The bill further provides that publishing the agenda on the political subdivision's website is considered a place of public access. Currently, only the legislative bodies of cities, towns, counties, and metro governments must do the

above.

SB258/HB1139 Definition of public water system under the TN Safe Drinking Water Act - inclusion.

Sponsors Sen. Pody, Mark; Rep. Boyd, Clark

Category Environment & Nature

Senate Status 02/10/25 - Referred to Senate Energy, Agriculture & Natural Resources Committee.

House Status 02/12/25 - Referred to House Agriculture & Natural Resources Subcommittee.

Comment This bill seems to remove from the definition of public water system a treatment facility which is used

solely for softening of water.

SB307/HB1054 Construction project delivery methods.

Sponsors Sen. Briggs, Richard; Rep. McKenzie, Sam

Category Local Government

Comment

Comment

Comment

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate State & Local Government Committee.

House Status 02/11/25 - Referred to House Cities & Counties Subcommittee.

This bill authorizes a local government having a population of 100,000 or more according to the 2020 census and having centralized purchasing with a full-time purchasing agent to use any of the following project delivery methods for the construction of local projects or additions to existing buildings: (1) construction manager at-risk; (2) design-bid-build; (3) design-build; or (4) design-build-finance-operate. While the definition of local government includes utility districts and authorities, these utilities may not be able to use these methods. The federal census does not include population information for utility districts and authorities. Having central purchasing and a full-time purchasing agent are concepts which

only seem to apply to cities and counties not utility districts and authorities.

SB369/HB742 Quotes required by local governments for purchases.

Sponsors Sen. Briggs, Richard; Rep. McKenzie, Sam

Category Local Government

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate State & Local Government Committee.

House Status 02/06/25 - Referred to House Cities & Counties Subcommittee.

When a city or county increases its threshold for competitive bidding over \$10,000, it must do so by resolution or ordinance passed by the governing body. If a purchase falls between 40% of the new bid

threshold or some lower amount as may be established by the governing body by resolution or

ordinance, the purchase can be made in the open market without publishing a notice in a newspaper of general circulation, but the city or county must attempt to obtain at least three written price quotes to

ensure competitive pricing.

SB370/HB967 Taxes and fees collected by merchants and sellers.

Sponsors Sen. Briggs, Richard; Rep. Hawk, David

Category Taxes General

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate Commerce & Labor Committee.

House Status 02/11/25 - Referred to House Banking & Consumer Affairs Subcommittee.

This bill provides that when the amount of a state or local tax or fee (including sales tax) is calculated as a percentage of an electronic payment transaction amount and is listed separately on the payment invoice or other demand for payment, this amount must be excluded from the interchange fee charged for that electronic payment transaction. The bill defines "interchange fee" as a fee established, charged, or received by a payment card network for the purpose of compensating the issuer for its involvement in

an electronic payment transaction.

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SB377/HB548 Tennessee Procurement Protection Act.

Sponsors Sen. Rose, Paul; Rep. Cochran, Mark

Category State Government

Comment

Comment

Comment

Senate Status 02/10/25 - Introduced in the Senate

House Status 02/26/25 - Set for House Public Service Subcommittee 03/05/25.

This bill creates the Tennessee Procurement Protection Act (the Act). This Act prohibits the public procurement of final products or services from a foreign adversary company, whether those products or services are sold directly by the foreign adversary company or through a third-party vendor. This Act permits the public procurement of products and services from a company that has operations, affiliates, and subsidiaries in a foreign adversary so long as the company is not a foreign adversary company. This Act prohibits a foreign adversary company from bidding on or submitting a proposal for a contract with a state agency or political subdivision of this state for goods or services. The Act further mandates a state agency or political subdivision require a company that submits a bid or proposal for a contract for goods or services to certify that the company is not a foreign adversary company.

SB378/HB549 Tennessee Critical Infrastructure Act.

Sponsors Sen. Rose, Paul; Rep. Cochran, Mark

Category State Government

Senate Status 02/10/25 - Introduced in the Senate

House Status 02/05/25 - Referred to House Public Service Subcommittee.

This bill enacts the "Tennessee Critical Infrastructure Protection Act." This Act prohibits a governmental entity from entering into a contract or other agreement relating to critical infrastructure in this state with a company that is a foreign principal from a foreign adversary country if the agreement would allow such foreign principal to directly or remotely access or control critical infrastructure in this state. A governmental or non-governmental entity may enter into a contract or agreement relating to critical infrastructure with a foreign principal from a foreign adversary country or use products or services produced by such foreign principal if: (1) there is no other reasonable option for addressing the need relevant to state critical infrastructure; (2) the contract is pre-approved by the department of finance and administration; and (3) not entering into such a contract or agreement would pose a greater threat to the state than the threat associated with entering into the contract.

SB380/HB421 Continuing education for utility district commissioners.

Sponsors Sen. Walley, Page; Rep. Marsh, Pat

Category Public Employees

Amendment Senate amendment 1, House Business and Utilities Subcommittee amendment 1 (003624) reduces the

Summary required training and continuing education hours for the petitioner from twelve to six.

Senate Status 02/24/25 - Senate passed with amendment 1 (003624). House Status 02/26/25 - Set for House Commerce Committee 03/05/25.

Position Support

This bill does two things. First, it reduces the number of required hours for continuing education for governing board members of utilities from 12 hours to 6 hours for each three-year continuing education period. Second, it permits a person who has become ineligible to serve as a utility district commissioner due to the failure to timely get the required initial training or continuing education to file a petition for reinstatement of the person's eligibility to serve as a utility district commissioner with the TBOUR.

SB418/HB4 Actions brought against a local governmental entity under the TN Governmental Tort

Liability Act - recovery amounts.

Sponsors Sen. Akbari, Raumesh; Rep. Bulso, Gino

Category Tort Liability

Comment

Comment

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate Judiciary Committee.

House Status 02/26/25 - Set for House Civil Justice Subcommittee 03/05/25.

This bill Increases the amount that a person may recover in an action brought against a local

governmental entity under the Tennessee Governmental Tort Liability Act for claims brought on or after July 1, 2025, to \$750,000 for the bodily injury or death of one person in one accident, \$1,500,000 for the

bodily injury or death of all persons in one accident, and \$250,000 for the injury or destruction of property of others in one accident. The current limits which were set in 2007 are \$300,000 for the bodily

injury or death of one person in one accident, \$700,000 for the bodily injury or death of all persons in

one accident, and \$100,000 for the injury or destruction of property of others in one accident.

<u>SB425/HB66</u> <u>Confidential records - exceptions.</u>

Sponsors Sen. Reeves, Shane; Rep. Sparks, Mike

Category Local Government

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate State & Local Government Committee.

House Status 02/26/25 - Set for House Public Service Subcommittee 03/05/25.

This bill makes the residential information of local government employees such as street address, city,

state and zip code confidential under the public records act. This is really not much a change since existing law already makes the "residential street address for any county, municipal or other public

employee" confidential.

Authorizes certain utility systems to borrow money in anticipation of revenue collections.

Sponsors Sen. Reeves, Shane; Rep. Capley, Kip

Category Local Government

Senate Status 02/26/25 - Set for Senate State & Local Government Committee 03/04/25.

House Status 02/26/25 - Set for House Commerce Committee 03/05/25.

energy authorities, water and wastewater treatment authorities, and utility districts to borrow money in anticipation of revenue collections to provide emergency cash flow for such systems. The principal value of the notes during any 12-month period must not exceed 60% of the utility's cash flow for the same period and must be retired or paid in full before the end of the same period. These notes require approval by the Comptroller's Office which will develop a corrective action plan for the utility as part of the approval. If the Comptroller approves debt for emergency cash flow, the utility will be referred to the TBOUR which may order any remedial measures it deems necessary for the utility. This bill further authorizes the TBOUR to remove a member of a utility's governing body (other than an elected official) for any of the following: (1) failure to comply with § 12-4-101; (i2) misconduct, whether or not the misconduct results in criminal charges; (3) Failure to exercise reasonable oversight; (4) actions or failures causing a utility system to display severe managerial incompetence as described in § 7-82-704(a)(3); (5)

failure to follow board directives, except for good cause shown; or (6) Any other reason provided by law.

This bill authorizes water and wastewater systems operated by municipalities and counties, municipal

Comment

SB670/HB541 Classification of property as a wetland.

Sponsors Sen. Taylor, Brent; Rep. Vaughan, Kevin

Category Environment & Nature

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate Energy, Agriculture & Natural Resources Committee.

House Status 02/05/25 - Caption bill held on House clerk's desk pending amendment.

This bill prohibits TDEC from applying criteria that will result in the classification of real property as a

wetland, or otherwise regulating real property as a wetland, unless the property is classified as a

wetland under federal law.

SB717/HB796 Infrastructure oversight and customer choice.

Sponsors Sen. Taylor, Brent; Rep. Vaughan, Kevin

Category Utilities

Comment

Comment

Comment

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate State & Local Government Committee.

House Status 02/10/25 - Referred to House Business & Utilities Subcommittee.

This bill prohibits public utilities from requiring that utility infrastructure be constructed by the utility company and requires that customers be allowed to choose their own contractors for installation. Allows public utilities to establish reasonable construction and manufacturing specifications to ensure proper construction with appropriate materials. Prohibits public utilities from requiring that materials or services for utility infrastructure construction be sourced from a specific vendor or manufacturer. Allows public utilities to review and approve plans and designs for the installation of utility infrastructure.

Defines "public utility" or "utility" as the water, wastewater, natural gas, or electric system of a county,

metropolitan government, or municipality.

SB730/HB903 Fee for viewing records.

Sponsors Sen. Lowe, Adam; Rep. Vital, Greg

Category Media & Publishing

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate State & Local Government Committee.

House Status 02/10/25 - Referred to House Public Service Subcommittee.

This bill permits a public entity to require a requestor of public records to pay a fee to view records if the records requested reasonably require more than one hour of an employee's time to collect for viewing and inspection by the requestor. After the first hour, the public entity may charge a fee at an hourly rate that is in proportion to the rate of pay of the employee who is collecting the records. This is a change from current law which does not allow charging a requestor anything if the requestor only wants to view

public records but not copy them.

SB731/HB795 Changes on a contractor or developer's application for development site plans or

inspections.

Sponsors Sen. Pody, Mark; Rep. Vaughan, Kevin

Category Local Government

Comment

Comment

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate State & Local Government Committee.

House Status 02/06/25 - Referred to House Cities & Counties Subcommittee.

This bill requires a local government to accept an application for the review of a development plan or site inspection and issue an approval of the application or issue a written report of deficiencies within 30 days of receipt of the application. If a written report of deficiencies is issued, the requested permit shall be issued upon receipt of documentation showing the deficiency has been satisfactorily cured. If the local government issues 3 or more written reports with deficiencies, it must reimburse the developer 50% of the fees paid during the application process. Local government means a county, municipality, or local governing body responsible for reviewing a development application, development plan, or a site inspection submitted by a developer. This bill further provides: (1) a local government and developer or contractor may enter into a contract for the funding, building, or development of nonessential infrastructure with nonessential infrastructure being defined to mean "any infrastructure that is not

necessary for the creation, ongoing maintenance, and growth of a development; (2) once a local government enters into a development contract with a developer, no changes can be made unless mutually agreed upon the developer and the local government, including any changes to nonessential

infrastructure.

SB743/HB834 Authority of the board of water and wastewater operator certification.

Sponsors Sen. Yager, Ken; Rep. Keisling, Kelly

Category Environment & Nature

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate Energy, Agriculture & Natural Resources Committee.

House Status 02/10/25 - Referred to House Agriculture & Natural Resources Subcommittee.

This bill prohibits the water and wastewater operator certification board from delegating to a third-party its authority to determine minimum operator competency or to prepare conduct, or grade examinations to applicants seeking operator certification. The bill requires the exam consist of the same questions for all applicants and include a minimum of 10% of the total questions for each classification on state

regulatory questions germane to the specific operator classification.

SB795/HB1173 Purchasing of goods and services by local governments without bid or quotations.

Sponsors Sen. Bailey, Paul; Rep. Williams, Ryan

Category Government Contracts

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate State & Local Government Committee.

House Status 02/26/25 - Set for House State & Local Government Committee 03/05/25.

This bill authorizes local governments to purchase goods and services directly, without bid or quotations, Comment from vendors awarded general services administration schedule contracts at prices equal to the vendor's

from vendors awarded general services administration schedule contracts at prices equal to the vendor s

current general services administration schedule price.

SB825/HB1072 Classification of property as a wetland.

Sponsors Sen. Hensley, Joey; Rep. Warner, Todd

Category Environment & Nature

Comment

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate Energy, Agriculture & Natural Resources Committee.

House Status 02/11/25 - Referred to House Agriculture & Natural Resources Subcommittee.

this bill prohibits TDEC from applying criteria that will result in the classification of real property as a

wetland if the property is prior converted cropland that is exempt from classification as a wetland under

federal law.

SB880/HB896 Regulatory action for a substance, mixture, or chemical related to drinking water, water

pollution control.

Sponsors Sen. Reeves, Shane; Rep. Todd, Chris

Category Government Regulation

Senate Status 02/26/25 - Senate Government Operations Committee recommended. Sent to Senate Energy,

Agriculture, & Natural Resource Committee.

House Status 02/26/25 - Set for House Agriculture & Natural Resources Subcommittee 03/05/25.

This bill prohibits a state agency from disseminating, proposing, or finalizing any regulatory action for a

Substance, mixture, or chemical related to drinking water, water pollution control, hazardous

substances, contaminated site remediation, air quality, or solid or hazardous waste handling unless the regulatory action is based upon the best available peer-reviewed scientific and technical information.

SB952/HB978 Discontinuation of service as it relates to the Utilities' Cut-Off Procedures Act. Broadly

captioned.

Sponsors Sen. Powers, Bill; Rep. Burkhart, Jeff

Category Utilities

Comment

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate State & Local Government Committee.

House Status 02/10/25 - Held on House clerk's desk.

This appears to be a caption bill. As written, it requires a utility governed by the Utilities' Cut-Off

Procedures Act to publish its policy governing the discontinuation of service for nonpayment of service

on the utility's website in a publicly accessible location.

SB988/HB375 Fees assessed by local governments.

Sponsors Sen. Haile, Ferrell; Rep. Zachary, Jason

Category Local Government

Amendment

Summary

Comment

Comment

Comment

House Cities & Counties Subcommittee amendment 1 (003651) requires any local government entity

that assesses and collects a fee related to the construction, building, erection, or improvement to land or any infrastructure contributing to the ability to provide a new building or structure, in excess of \$250, to maintain documentation describing the justification and cost basis for such fee. Specifies that such documentation is a public record and subject to annual audit by the Comptroller of the Treasury (COT),

which may incorporate such audit into any other financial audit of the respective governmental entity.

Senate Status 02/26/25 - Set for Senate State & Local Government Committee 03/04/25. **House Status**

02/26/25 - Set for House State & Local Government Committee 03/05/25.

This bill requires each department, agency, and official in every county, municipal government, or metropolitan government that assesses and collects a fee of \$500 to maintain documentation describing the justification and cost basis for such fee. The language is broad enough to apply to a tap fee, capacity

fee, or other fee over \$500 of a county or municipal utility.

SB1138/HB543 Operation of a sewerage system outside the boundaries of a city or town.

Sen. Taylor, Brent; Rep. Vaughan, Kevin **Sponsors**

Local Government Category

Senate Status 02/10/25 - Introduced in the Senate

House Status 02/05/25 - Referred to House Agriculture & Natural Resources Subcommittee.

> This bill provides that a city or town that has operated a sewerage system outside of the corporate boundaries of the city or town for 25 years or more cannot cease operation of the sewerage system outside its corporate boundaries so long as the sewerage system maintains sufficient capacity as determined by a study conducted by TACIR. This bill provides that a utility district that has operated a sewerage system in the unincorporated area of a county for 25 years or more cannot cease operation of the sewerage system in the unincorporated area so long as the sewerage system maintains sufficient

capacity as determined by a study conducted by TACIR.

SB1139/HB542 Utility to review plans of development for compliance with infrastructure codes.

Sen. Taylor, Brent; Rep. Vaughan, Kevin **Sponsors**

Local Government Category

Senate Status 02/10/25 - Introduced in the Senate

02/05/25 - Referred to House Business & Utilities Subcommittee. **House Status**

> compliance with water, electric, and natural gas infrastructure codes within 30 days of the plan's submission. If the utility does not complete the review within 30 days, the developer or person who submitted the plan may hire a third-party examiner to examine the plan. No later than 10 business days after the third-party examiner submits the documents required, the utility must: (1) approve the plans; (2) provide the third-party examiner a report of deficiencies; or (3) request additional information to ensure compliance with applicable codes. Failure to take any of these three actions within 10 business days will result in the plans being deemed approved. The bill further caps any fees for the inspection of the installation and construction of water, electric, and natural gas infrastructure to 2% of the total cost of the development. The bill defines "third-party plans examiner" to mean an engineer with expertise in

This bill requires a county-owned or municipal-owned water utility to review plans of development for

water, electric, or natural gas infrastructure.

SB1141/HB897 Threshold for the presence of fluoride in a public water system.

Sponsors Sen. Crowe, Rusty; Rep. Todd, Chris

Category Environment & Nature

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate Energy, Agriculture & Natural Resources Committee.

House Status 02/26/25 - Set for House Agriculture & Natural Resources Subcommittee 03/05/25.

Position Neutra

Comment

Comment

Comment

This bill: (1) decreases from 1.5 milligrams per liter to 0.4 milligrams per liter the threshold for the presence of fluoride in a public water system that requires an increase in the frequency of fluoride-level testing from quarterly to monthly; and (2) requires public water systems to cease adding fluoride to

drinking water supplies by July 31, 2025, and provide written notice of cessation of fluoridation to

customers.

SB1142/HB898 Certificate of analysis for any water sold by the utility system that contains fluoride.

Sponsors Sen. Crowe, Rusty; Rep. Todd, Chris

Category Utilities

Senate Status 02/10/25 - Introduced in the Senate

House Status 02/12/25 - House sponsor changed from T. Darby to C. Todd.

Position Neutral

This bill requires each utility system to obtain a certificate of analysis for any water sold by the utility

Comment system that contains fluoride, and to post the certificate and the material safety data sheet for fluoride

online.

SB1404/HB365 Action of a municipality that affects tax obligations for property owners who are located

outside the municipality's corporate boundary.

Sponsors Sen. Hensley, Joey; Rep. Fritts, Monty

Category Local Government

Senate Status 02/12/25 - Referred to Senate State & Local Government Committee.

House Status 02/05/25 - Referred to House Cities & Counties Subcommittee.

This bill prohibits a municipality, or an instrumentality of a municipality, from taking an action that affects or has the potential to affect the tax obligations, fees, or other costs for real property owners whose property is located outside of a municipality's corporate boundary, unless the action is approved by the county legislative body in which such property is located. This bill may be broad enough to prohibit a municipal utility from charging a higher tap fee or other fee charged to a real property owner

to get service outside the municipality's boundary than inside the boundary.

SB6003/HB6003 Creates Hurricane Helene interest payment fund.

Sponsors Sen. Johnson, Jack; Rep. Lamberth, William

Category Public Finance

Senate Status 02/10/25 - Signed by Senate speaker.

House Status 02/11/25 - Signed by House speaker.

Executive Status 02/12/25 - Enacted as Public Chapter 0002.

This bill (1) creates a Hurricane Helene interest payment fund which can be used to pay local

governments' interest costs for up to three years on money borrowed to pay eligible disaster recovery costs related to Hurricane Helene; and (2) a governor's response and recovery fund which can be used of

the fund is to respond to, or recover from, an declared emergency, including agricultural recovery

efforts related to an emergency, unemployment assistance related to an emergency, and business

recovery assistance related to an emergency.

SB6004/HB6002 TEMA assisting a political subdivision or local emergency management agency with recovery

from disasters and emergencies on public property.

Sponsors Sen. Johnson, Jack; Rep. Lamberth, William

Category Veterans & Military Affairs

Comment

Senate Status 02/10/25 - Signed by Senate speaker. House Status 02/11/25 - Signed by House speaker.

Executive Status 02/12/25 - Enacted as Public Chapter 0003.

Upon the declaration of an emergency, this bill (1) authorizes TEMA to assist a political subdivision or local emergency management agency with recovery from disasters and emergencies on public property

at the request of the political subdivision or agency; and suspends certain eligibility requirements for unemployment benefits for eligible claimants who reside or work in counties for which this state has

requested a major disaster declaration.